

Success Story of Odisha Millets Mission Narla block - Kalahandi district WALLEY ROUND OF THE WALLEY

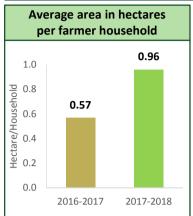


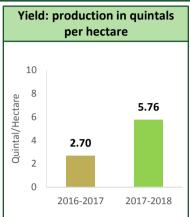


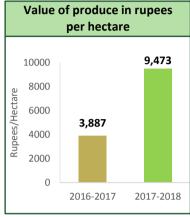


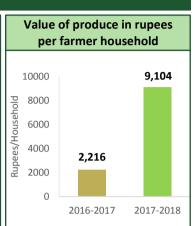
This factsheet presents the block-level findings and other information derived from the study "Area, Yield, Production and Value of Produce under the Special Programme for Promotion of Millets in Tribal Areas of Odisha (Odisha Millets Mission), 2017-18, Phase-1" and baseline (2016-17) reports prepared by Professor Srijit Mishra and team at NCDS.

OUTCOMES: CHANGES AFTER ONE YEAR OF OMM INTERVENTION

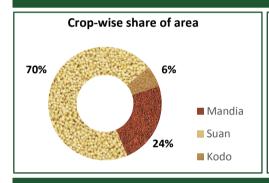


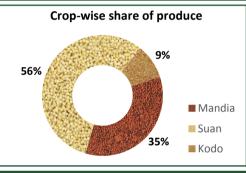


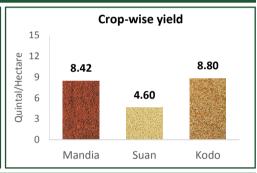




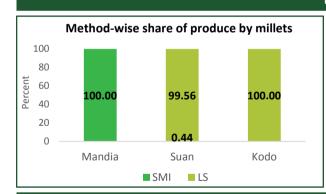
CROP WISE OUTCOME







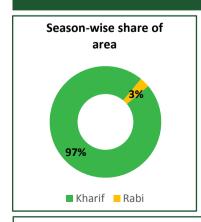
METHOD WISE OUTCOME

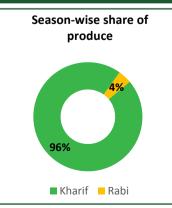


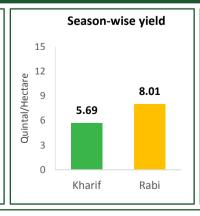
Interventions in agronomic practices under OMM include SMI, LT and LS methods. In year one under OMM, farmer households in Narla who cultivated mandia adopted SMI method.

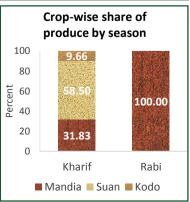
Suan and kodo were cultivated by farmer households during kharif and they adopted LS method, except for one farmer household who adopted SMI for suan. In year one under OMM, Narla is the only block where kodo was cultivated and one of two blocks where suan was cultivated.

SEASON WISE OUTCOME









Abbreviations: OMM- Odisha Millets Mission, SMI- System of Millet Intensification, LT- Line Transplantation, LS- Line Sowing

